IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A method in a data processing system for managing data attributes, the method comprising the steps of:

registering attributes with a PKCS9 gateway class, wherein the attributes include user-defined attributes and PKCS-standard (Public Key Cryptography Standards) defined attributes; [[and]]

associatively storing an identifier for each of the user-defined attributes and each of the PKCS-standard defined attributes;

calling a first object-oriented method in the PKCS9 gateway class, wherein the first object-oriented method receives a parameter comprising an object identifier for an attribute;

searching an attribute mapping data structure using the object identifier in the received parameter;

in response to a determination of a matching object identifier in the attribute mapping data structure, retrieving a class identifier associatively stored with the matching object identifier in the attribute mapping data structure; and

calling a second object-oriented method in a class identified by the retrieved class identifier.

- 2. (Canceled).
- (Canceled).
- 4. (Currently Amended) A method in a data processing system for managing data attributes, the method comprising the steps of:

invoking a first object-oriented method to process an attribute object, wherein the first object-oriented method is defined in an abstract class for attribute objects with a subclass for undefined attributes and a subclass for defined attributes, wherein the subclass for defined attributes is further comprised of a subclass for each PKCS-defined

(Public Key Cryptography Standards) attribute and a subclass for each user-defined attribute;

invoking a second object-oriented method to process an attribute object, wherein the second object-oriented method is defined in a PKCS9 gateway class; and

in response to invoking the first object-oriented method or the second object-oriented method, processing the result returned by the first object-oriented method or the second object-oriented method, wherein each defined attribute is registered with the PKCS9 gateway class, and wherein the user-defined attributes are registered with the PKCS9 gateway class by reading a configuration file when the PKCS9 gateway class is initially loaded.

- 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, where a PKCS compatible attribute is a unique object identifier and value, as defined by the Abstract Syntax Notation (ASN.1) for the X.500 Attribute type.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein each defined attribute is implemented as a separate class.
- 7. (Canceled).
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[7]] 4, wherein PKCS-defined attributes are registered statically with the PKCS9 gateway class.
- 9. (Canceled).
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the second object-oriented method determines a type of the attribute object by performing an instanceof comparison to registered attributes.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the attribute object is constructed using a constructor method in a class associated with a PKCS-compatible attribute.

- 12. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein, in response to determining an object identifier and a value associated with the object identifier and determining the object identifier is registered with the PKCS9 gateway class, the PKCS9 gateway class returns an instance of a registered attribute.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein, in response to determining a DER-encoded byte stream with an object identifier, the second object-oriented method in the PKCS9 gateway class returns an instance of a PKCS-compatible attribute.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein, in response to determining the object identifier from the DER-encoded byte stream is not registered with the PKCS9 gateway class, an instance of an undefined attribute is returned with the value being a DER-encoded byte stream.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein, in response to determining the object identifier from the DER-encoded byte stream is registered with the PKCS9 gateway class, an instance of an attribute with the object identifier is returned.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein a registered attribute object is encoded to a DER-encoded byte stream by using the first object-oriented method for encoding the attribute object.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein a registered attribute object represented as a DER-encoded byte stream is decoded to an attribute object by using the second object-oriented method for decoding the attribute object.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein a second object-oriented method in the PKCS9 gateway class extracts attribute values into forms, wherein the forms are strings, numbers, and/or other non-abstract data types

19. (Currently Amended) A data processing system for managing data attributes, the data processing system comprising:

registering means for registering attributes with a PKCS9 gateway class, wherein the attributes include user-defined attributes and PKCS-standard (Public Key Cryptography Standards) defined attributes;

storing means for associatively storing an identifier for each of the user-defined attributes and each of the PKCS-standard defined attributes;

calling means for calling a first object-oriented method in the PKCS9 gateway class, wherein the first object-oriented method receives a parameter comprising an object identifier for an attribute;

scarching means for searching an attribute mapping data structure using the object identifier in the received parameter;

retrieving means for retrieving, in response to a determination of a matching object identifier in the attribute mapping data structure, a class identifier associatively stored with the matching object identifier in the attribute mapping data structure; and

calling means for calling a second object-oriented method in a class identified by the retrieved class identifier.

- 20. (Canceled).
- 21. (Canceled).
- 22. (Currently Amended) A data processing system for managing Public Key Cryptography Standards (PKCS) compatible attributes, the data processing system comprising:

first constructing means for constructing a new instance of an attribute object; first differentiating means for differentiating between attribute objects of different types;

converting means for converting an instance of an attribute object to and/or from DER-encoding;

first extracting means for extracting values associated with an attribute object;

extending means for extending a set of attributes with user-defined types; and first registering means for registering an attribute class with a PKCS9 gateway class;

second registering means for registering a PKCS-compatible attribute is registered with the PKCS9 gateway class;

third registering means for registering wherein user-defined attributes are registered with the PKCS9 gateway class by reading a configuration file when the PKCS9 gateway class is initially loaded.

- 23. (Original) The data processing system of claim 22, where a PKCS compatible attribute is a unique object identifier and value, as defined by the Abstract Syntax Notation (ASN.1) for the X.500 Attribute type.
- 24. (Original) The data processing system of claim 22 further comprising: an abstract attribute object class with an undefined attribute object subclass and a defined attribute object subclass, wherein the defined attribute object subclass is further comprised of a subclass for each PKCS-defined attribute object and a subclass for each user-defined attribute object.
- 25. (Original) The data processing system of claim 22 further comprising: second constructing means for constructing wherein a new instance of an attribute object using a class constructor.
- 26. (Original) The data processing system of claim 22 further comprising: third constructing means for constructing a new instance of a PKCS-compatible attribute object is constructed using the PKCS9 gateway class if an attribute object identifier and a class implementing that attribute arc registered.
- 27. (Original) The data processing system of claim 22 further comprising: fourth constructing means for constructing a new instance of a PKCS-compatible attribute object using the PKCS9 gateway class based on a DER-encoded byte stream.

- 28. (Original) The data processing system of claim 22 further comprising: second differentiating means for differentiating a type for an attribute object determined by performing an instance of comparison to registered attribute classes.
- 29. (Original) The data processing system of claim 22 further comprising: encoding means for encoding an attribute object to a DER-encoded object by using an encode method of the attribute object.
- 30. (Original) The data processing system of claim 22 further comprising: decoding means for decoding an attribute object represented as a DER-encoded string to an attribute object by using a decode method of the attribute object.
- 31. (Original) The data processing system of claim 22 further comprising: second extracting means for extracting the PKCS9 gateway class returns attribute values, wherein the values are represented as strings, numbers, and/or other non-abstract data types.
- 32. (Canceled).
- 33. (Currently Amended) The data processing system of claim [[32]] 22 further comprising:

[[third]] <u>fourth</u> registering means for registering an attribute defined by the Public Key Cryptography Standards is registered with the PKCS9 gateway class.

- 34. (Canceled).
- 35. (Currently Amended) A computer program product in a computer-readable medium for use in a data processing system for managing data attributes, the computer program product comprising:

first instructions for registering attributes with a PKCS9 gateway class, wherein the attributes include user-defined attributes and PKCS-standard (Public Key Cryptography Standards) defined attributes;

second instructions for associatively storing an identifier for each of the userdefined attributes and each of the PKCS-standard defined attributes;

instructions for calling a first object-oriented method in the PKCS9 gateway class, wherein the object-oriented method receives a parameter comprising an object identifier for an attribute;

instructions for searching an attribute mapping data structure using the object identifier in the received parameter;

instructions for retrieving, in response to a determination of a matching object identifier in the attribute mapping data structure, a class identifier associatively stored with the matching object identifier in the attribute mapping data structure; and

instructions for calling a second object-oriented method in a class identified by the retrieved class identifier.

- 36. (Canceled).
- 37. (Canceled).
- 38. (Currently Amended) A computer program product on a computer-readable medium for use in a data processing system for managing Public Key Cryptography Standards (PKCS) compatible attributes, the computer program product comprising: instructions for constructing a new instance of an attribute object; instructions for differentiating between attribute objects of different types; instructions for converting an instance of an attribute object to and from DER-cncoding;

instructions for extracting values associated with an attribute object; and instructions for extending a set of attributes with user-defined types; and instructions for registering an attribute class with a PKCS9 gateway class, wherein a PKCS-compatible attribute is registered with the PKCS9 gateway class,

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and

wherein user-defined attributes are registered with the PKCS9 gateway class by reading a configuration file when the PKCS9 gateway class is initially loaded.

- 39. (Original) The computer program product of claim 38, where a PKCS compatible attribute is a unique object identifier and value, as defined by the Abstract Syntax Notation (ASN.1) for the X.500 Attribute type.
- 40. (Original) The computer program product of claim 38, wherein an abstract attribute object class with an undefined attribute object subclass and a defined attribute object subclass, wherein the defined attribute object subclass is further comprised of a subclass for each PKCS-defined attribute object and a subclass for each user-defined attribute object.
- 41. (Original) The computer program product of claim 38, wherein a new instance of a PKCS-compatible attribute object is constructed using a class constructor.
- 42. (Original) The computer program product of claim 38, wherein a new instance of a PKCS-compatible attribute object is constructed using the PKCS9 gateway class if an attribute object identifier and a class implementing that attribute is registered.
- 43. (Original) The computer program product of claim 38, wherein a new instance of a PKCS-compatible attribute object is constructed using the PKCS9 gateway class based on a DER-encoded byte stream.
- 44. (Original) The computer program product of claim 38, wherein a type for an attribute object is determined by performing an instance of comparison to registered attribute classes.
- 45. (Original) The computer program product of claim 38, wherein an attribute object is encoded to a DER-encoded object by using an encode method of the attribute object.

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- 46. (Original) The computer program product of claim 38, wherein an attribute object represented as a DER-encoded string is decoded to an attribute object by using a decode method of the attribute object.
- 47. (Original) The computer program product of claim 38, wherein the PKCS9 gateway class returns attribute values, wherein the values are represented as strings, numbers, and/or other non-abstract data types.
- 48. (Canceled).
- 49. (Currently Amended) The computer program product of claim [[48]] 38, wherein an attribute defined by the Public Key Cryptography Standards is registered with the PKCS9 gateway class.
- 50. (Canceled).